

Year 1				
Number and Place Value (within 10)				
numbe	Vocabulary: numbers to 10; place value; digit, integer; symbol; compare; equal to, more, less, greater than, fewer, less than, greatest, smallest; first, second, thirdlast; ones, tens, partition, exchange; order, largest, smallest, biggest, least, most			
		Autumn 3-week block	1	
Step		NC links	Notes:	
1	Count objects	Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with	** Ensure pupils are taught basic knowledge for counting from the start	
2	Count objects from a larger group	zero or 1, or from any given number.	of this unit.	
3	Represent objects	Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial		
4	Recognise numbers as words	representations including the number line, and use the language of:		
5	Compare groups by matching	Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words		
6	Compare numbers: fewer, more, same			
7	Compare numbers: less than, greater than, equal to	Compare numbers using < .> and = signs (Y2)	There is an additional step on WRM: 'compare numbers' so additional resources can be found there.	
8	Order objects and numbers			
9	The number line	Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with zero or 1, or from any given number		
10	Application			
		Year 1		
		Addition and subtraction within 10		
Vocabulary: Number bonds, part, whole; plus; fact family, addition sentence, number sentence; how many more; number line; commutative; addition, more, make, sum, total, add together, altogether; calculation; Inverse equals, is the same as (including equals sign); subtract, , subtraction, take away, minus; difference between, what is the difference? how many more?, how many less? how much more is? how much less is?				
Sten		NC links	Notes:	
		identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial		
·	Part whole models (addition)	representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer)		
2	Write number sentences	Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition		
3	Fact families – addition facts	(+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs		
4	Number bonds within 10	Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts		
5	Number bonds to 10	within 20		
6	Addition – add together	Add and subtract 1-digit and 2-digit numbers to 20, including zero		
7	Addition – add more			
8	Subtraction – take away / cross out	keaa, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition		
9	Subtractions: how many left?	(+), subfraction (-) and equals (=) signs		



10	Subtraction on a number line			
11	Subtraction: find a part	Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20		
12	Fact families – the 8 facts			
13	Application	solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7 = -9$.		
		Year 1		
		Number and place value (within 20)		
number	Vocabulary: numbers to 20; place value; digit, integer; symbol; compare; equal to, more, less, greater than, fewer, less than, greatest, smallest; first, second, thirdlast; ones, tens, partition, exchange; order,			
		Autumn 2-week block		
Step		NC link	Notes:	
1 2 3	Understand 10-15 Understand 16-20 Number line to 20	Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: eaual to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least	These steps are grouped differently to WR – feel free to split the steps up further if needed to follow the scheme.	
4	Estimate on a number line to 20			
5	Compare numbers to 20	Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words		
6	Order numbers to 20	Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with		
7	Application			
		Year 1		
		Addition and subtraction (within 20)		
Vocabulary: Number bonds, part, whole; plus; fact family, addition sentence, number sentence; how many more; number line; commutative; addition, more, make, sum, total, add together, altogether; calculation; Inverse equals, is the same as (including equals sign); subtract, , subtraction, take away, minus; difference between, what is the difference? how many more?, how many less? how much more is? how many fewer is?, how much less is?				
Cham.	Autumn 3-week block			
зтер	Find and make number bands to 20	NC IIIK	NOIES:	
2	Add by counting on within 20	within 20		
3	Add ones using number bonds			
4	Doubles	Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition		
5	Near doubles	(+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs		
6	Subtraction – counting back	1		
7	Subtraction – finding the difference	Add and subtract 1-digit and 2-digit numbers to 20, including zero		
8	Related facts			



9	Missing number problems	Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using		
10	Application	problems such as 7 = ? – 9		
	Year 1			
	Place Value (within 50)			
Vocabulary: numbers to 50; place value; digit, integer; symbol; compare; equal to, more, less, greater than, fewer, less than, greatest, smallest; first, second, thirdlast; ones, tens, partition, exchange; order, largest, smallest, biggest, least, most				
		Autumn 2-week block		
Step		NC link	Notes:	
1	Count by making groups of 10	Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with zero or 1, or from any given number Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of 2s, 5s and 10s	Counting in 10s should have been covered in BK prior to this	
2	Groups of tens and ones			
3	Partition numbers into 10s and 1s	Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial		
4	The number line to 50	representations including the number line, and use the language of		
5	Estimate on the number line to 50	representations including the number line, and use the language of:		
6	Application	equalito, mole man, less man (lewel), most, least		
		Year 1		
		Multiplication and division		
Vocabulary How many altogether? How may are there?; groups, groups of, equal groups, unequal groups; row, column, array; number sentence; double, doubles; equal groups of 2, equal groups of 5, equal groups of 10; share, sharing, equally				
Step		NC links	Notes:	
	Recognise equal groups Make equal groups		White Rose has multiple steps on counting in 2s 5s and 10s. This should come under Basic Knowledge and be taught and rehearsed regularly	
2	Make arrays	Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher	throughout the year.	
2			Ensure pupils are taught to apply this to reasoning and problem	
3	Make doubles		solving during the application step – some resources will be available	
4			under the WR steps for counting in 2s 5s and 10s.	
5	Application			



Year 1				
Place Value to 100				
Vocabulary: numbers to 100; place value; digit, integer; symbol; compare; equal to, more, less, greater than, fewer, less than, greatest, smallest; first, second, thirdlast; ones, tens, partition, exchange; order, largest, smallest, biggest, least, most				
		Spring 3-week block	1	
Step		NC links	Notes:	
	Partition into tens and ones	identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial		
2		equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least		
3	Compare numbers with the same number of tens			
4	Compare any two numbers			
5	Application			
	Year 1			
	Fractions			
Vocabulary Whole, parts, equal parts, the same: split; aroups; share; equally; avarter; four equal parts One half, two halves A quarter, two quarters				
		Spring 3-week block		
Step		NC links	Notes:	
1	Recognise half of an object or shape		These steps can be broken down into the single steps from WRM if	
0	Find half of an object or shape	Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an	pupils need addition time. Also provide opportunities for pupils to	
2	Recognise and find find for a quarter of an object or	object, shape or quantity.		
3	shape / Find a quarter	recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an		
4	Recognise and find a quarter of a	object, shape or		
	quantity	quantity.		
5	Application			
	Year 1			
Shape				
Vocabulary: polyaon, 2D, 3D, aroup, sort, corner (point, pointed) Face, side, edge Make, build, draw				
Spring 2-week block				
Step		NC links	Notes:	
1	Recognise and name 2-D shapes			
2	Sort 2-D shapes			
3	Recognise and name 3-D shapes	Recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including: 2-D shapes [for example, rectangles, lincluding squares), circles and triangles]: 3-D shapes [for		
4	Sort 3-D shapes			



5	Patterns with 2-D and 3-D shapes	example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres]		
	Year 1			
	Position and direction			
	Vocabulary Turn, full, half, quarter, three quarter: direction: movement, move: position: left, right, up, down: top, bottom, middle, gbove, below, between: in front, behind,			
		Summer 1-week block		
Step		NC links	Notes:	
1	Describe turns	Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half,		
2	Describe position – forward, backwards, left, right, above and below	quarter and three-quarter turns Use the language of position, direction and motion, including: left and right, top, middle and bottom, on top of, in front of, above,	Break this step down as needed to suit your current cohort. Provide opportunities for pupils to explore this concept practically.	
3	Ordinal numbers	between, around, near, close and far, up and down, forwards and backwards, inside and outside (non-statutory guidance) Practise counting (1, 2, 3), ordering (for example, 1st, 2nd, 3rd)		
	Year 1			
		Length and height, mass and volume		
	Vocabulary: Length, measure, measuring: ruler, cm: mass: balance, scale: volume, full, balf full, quarter full, empty: capacity: bolds			
		Summer 4-week block		
Step		NC links	Notes:	
1	Compare lengths and heights			
2	Measure length using objects		This whole unit lends itself to exploring the concepts practically –	
3	Measure length in centimetres		ensure pupils experience as much in real life contexts as possible.	
4	Heavier and lighter			
5	Measure mass			
6	Compare mass	Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and		
7	Full and empty	height; mass/weight; capacity and volume; time		
8	Compare volume	Magnure and bagin to record the following: lengths and heights:		
9	Measure capacity	mass/weight: capacity and volume: time		
10	Compare capacity			
11	Application			



Year 1				
Money				
		Vocabulary:		
		money; value; coin; note; amount; 1p, 2p, 5p, 10p, 20p, 50p, \$	£1, £2, £5, £10	
		Summer 2-week block		
Step		NC links	Notes:	
1	Recognising coins	Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins		
2	Recognising notes	and notes	Provide real life experiences for pupils – e.g a walk to the local shop	
3	Counting in coins	Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples	to deepen their understanding of money	
4	Application	or zs, ss and rus		
	Year 1			
Time				
Vocabulary: hour, o'clock, half past, clock, watch, hands; hour, minute, second; before, after next, last now, soon, early, late quick, quicker, quickest, quickly, fast, faster, fastest, slow, slower, slowest, slowly old, older, oldest, new, newer, newest				
		Summer 3-week block		
Step		NC links	Notes:	
1	Before and after	Sequence events in chronological order using language (for		
2	Days of the week	example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow,		
3	Months of the year	morning, atternoon and evening) Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years		
4	Hours, minutes and seconds	Compare, describe and solve practical problems for time	There is enough time in this unit to ensure pupils are secure with	
5	Tell the time to the hour	Measure and begin to record time (hours, minutes, seconds)	showing the time on physical clocks before moving to written	
6	Tell the time to the half hour	I ell the time to the hour and halt past the hour and draw the hands on a clockface to show these times	responses.	



